

OWSD

Introduction Letter from th 25th Annivers PhD Fellowsh Early Career F Membership . National Chap Awards Financial Sum Governance a



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LETTER FROM THE OWSD PRESIDENT



I am thrilled to be writing this editorial for the OWSD 2018 Annual report. While we have always made reports to donors, until now we have not had the resources to put together an Annual Report that is – I hope you will agree – not just informative and comprehensive, but which celebrates in big beautiful colour OWSD members' and fellows' achievements and successes from all around the world!

2018 has been the most exciting and event-filled year. It is 25 years since the official launch of the Organization in 1993. It is 20 years since the first OWSD PhD fellowship funds were awarded and the beginning of our collaboration with Sweden (Sida). This is also the first year we began a brand new collaboration with Canada (IDRC) and awarded the first Early Career fellowships. We continue to celebrate excellent women scientists from the developing

world with a prize scheme funded by the Elsevier Foundation.

OWSD, in 2018, is an internationally respected organization, championing trailblazing research by women scientists and connecting, supporting and celebrating women scientists around the world through our membership of more than 7,000. In 2018, we are proud to celebrate OWSD's 250th PhD fellowship graduate!

OWSD 25th anniversary events have been celebrated by members around the world and linked to the launches of seven new national chapters: in Indonesia, Kenya, Mauritius, Myanmar, Rwanda, Sri Lanka and Zimbabwe. Four chapters were re-launched and held international celebrations in Bangladesh, Ghana, India and Sudan.

The OWSD Secretariat continues to work very closely in Trieste with The World Academy of Sciences, the Inter Academy Partnership and our hosts, the International Centre for Theoretical Physics. As a programme unit of UNESCO, we have contributed to making the challenges and achievements of women scientists from developing countries more visible on the world stage — but there is still much to be done.

We can't wait to continue collaborating with you in 2019!

Jennifer Thomsor

Jennifer Thomson OWSD President



OWSD Early Career Fellow Shobha Poudel working with smallholder farmers in Nepal to assess the effectiveness of climate-smart agricultural practices.

OWSD 25TH ANNIVERSARY

In 1998, what is now OWSD began as the seed of an idea at a TWAS conference on 'The Role of Women in the Development of Science and Technology in the Third World,' in Trieste, Italy.

A study group of top women scientists and other experts was set up to explore the possibility of creating an organization that would champion the experience, needs and skills of women scientists in the developing world. At a further meeting in Trieste the next year (20-22 March 1989) the Third World Organization for Women in Science (TWOWS) was established and a constitution agreed and adopted.

TWOWS was officially launched in Cairo, Egypt in 1993, at the First General Assembly. It was not until the Fourth General Assembly held in Beijing, China, 17 years later (2010) that members voted to change



World (OWSD).

This year, OWSD celebrates its 25th anniversary, and is now an organization of more than 7100 members from 150 countries. Members have established National Chapters in 20 countries to organize activities to promote women's and girls' participation in STEM at all levels, including outreach to schools, events to build professional skills for working scientists, and engagement with policymakers.

OWSD programmes include two fellowship schemes: a PhD fellowship focused on South-South mobility, which now has more than 250 graduates; and an Early Career fellowship launched this year that supports women scientists in the developing world with research grants of up to USD 50,000 over two years, to build up international-level research centers at their institutes. OWSD also has an awards programme to promote the visibility of early career women scientists.

As OWSD continues to grow and expand, we look back on the last guarter of a century and acknowledge the amazing women (and men!) who believed in its vision and have worked hard to make it a reality. Here's to hoping that

the next 25 years can see their efforts continue to pay off in advancing the world closer and closer to gender equality in science.



the name to the Organization for Women in Science for the Developing



The OWSD 25th Anniversary was celebrated all around the world. Here are some of the ways in which our National Chapters and other members marked the occasion.

Italy

August-November

The OWSD Secretariat hosted a video contest asking "Why do you celebrate OWSD?" The 25 winners can be seen at: www.owsd.net/25-anniversary

India

30-31 October

The OWSD India National Chapter hosted a conference on Empowering and Enabling Women in Science in New Delhi.

Sudan

2-12 October

The Sudan National Chapter hosted a series of anniversary events over ten days including a a research project competition, scientific skill-building workshops, information sessions at universities and a Fun Run.

Rwanda

22-23 March

The OWSD Rwanda National Chapter was launched in Kigali.

16-19 October

The Rwanda National Chapter hosted a Women in Science workshop and OWSD 25th Anniversary celebration in collaboration with the East African Institute for Fundamental Research and the University of Rwanda.

Ghana

8-9 November

The OWSD Ghana National Chapter was re-launched in conjunction with a two-day workshop for women in science.

Zimbabwe

16 November

The OWSD Zimbabwe National Chapter was launched in Harare with more than 300 participants.

Mauritius

19 February

The OWSD Mauritius National Chapter was officially launched by Mauritian President and OWSD member Dr. Ameenah Gurib-Fakim.

Kenya

5-7 September

The OWSD Kenya National Chapter was launched at the OWSD Regional Conference for Africa on the theme of Women in Science, Engineering and Technology for Sustainable Development.

Sri Lanka

29 March

The OWSD Sri Lanka National Chapter was launched in Colombo in parallel with the South Asian Biotechnology Conference.

Myanmar

5 November

The OWSD Myanmar National Chapter was launched in Yangon.

Indonesia

19 July

The OWSD Indonesia National Chapter was launched in conjunction 'with the Chapter's 1st Congress.

Bangladesh

10 November

The OWSD Bangladesh National Chapter was re-launched at an international conference in Dhaka on the theme of Challenging Research by Women Scientists in STEM, concluding a series of seven seminars held from September to November.

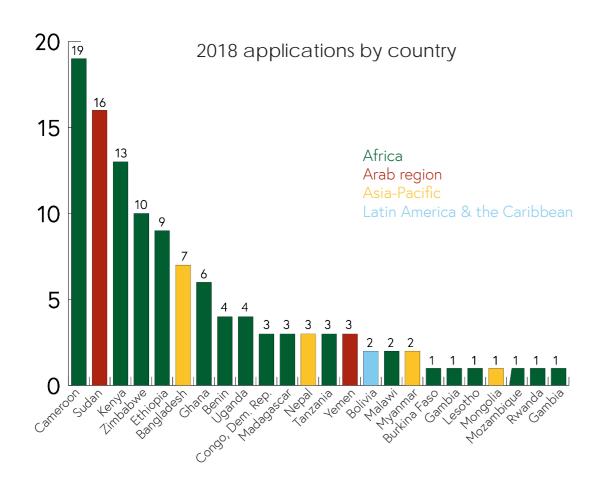
OWSD PHD FELLOWSHIPS

OWSD's flagship programme for the last 20 years has been the South-to-South PhD fellowship programme, which promotes mobility of women scientists. The fellowship supports women from scientifically- and technologically-lagging countries (STLCs) to undertake PhD research at a host institution of recognized research excellence in another developing country. Fellows may choose between a full-time option and the so-called 'sandwich' option, which provides for shorter-term research visits. The fellowship covers full funding for the PhD fellows' monthly stipends when on site, return travel, visa and health insurance costs, as well as tuition and registration fees when necessary. All funding for the PhD fellowship programme is provided by the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (Sida).

Over the last ten years, a total of 314 fellowships have been awarded. By 31 Dec 2018, 251 fellows had successfully graduated, and a further 193 were enrolled and completing their studies. Due to an increase in the funds provided by Sida, more than one-third of all awards made in the last 20 years were aiven between 2014-2018.

APPLICATIONS

In 2017, the list of eligible countries for the PhD fellowship was also revised, in agreement with donors, in order to concentrate OWSD's impact in countries where science and technology is significantly lag-



ging. The immediate effect of this change was that some countries which had previously been eligible became ineligible - most notably Nigeria, which alone had provided one-third of all fellowship applications – while several countries in Latin America and the Caribbean became eligible for the first time. The PhD fellowships are now open to applicants from 48 Least Developed Countries (LDCs), plus 18 countries selected because of their low income levels and specific needs for support in building scientific research capacity.



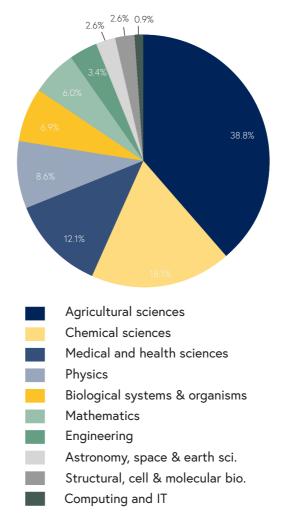
mittee.

Where from? Applications were received from 24 countries, of which 18 were LDCs (56% of total applications). Following the revision of the eligible countries, Cameroon replaced Nigeria as the most popular nationality for applicants; Sudan continued to be very well represented (14%). Two applications were also received from Bolivia during its first year of eligibility.

Where to? Among the host countries selected by applicants, South Africa was by far the most popular (45%), followed by Malaysia (15%) and China (9%).

In what? Consistent with previous years, the highest number of applications were in agricultural sciences (39%). However, 2018 saw a significant number of applications from disciplines where women are typically underrepresented, including chemical sciences (18%), physics (9%) and mathematics (6%).

2018 applications by disicipline



A total of 116 eligible applications were received in 2018, and of these 90 were recommended by the selection com-



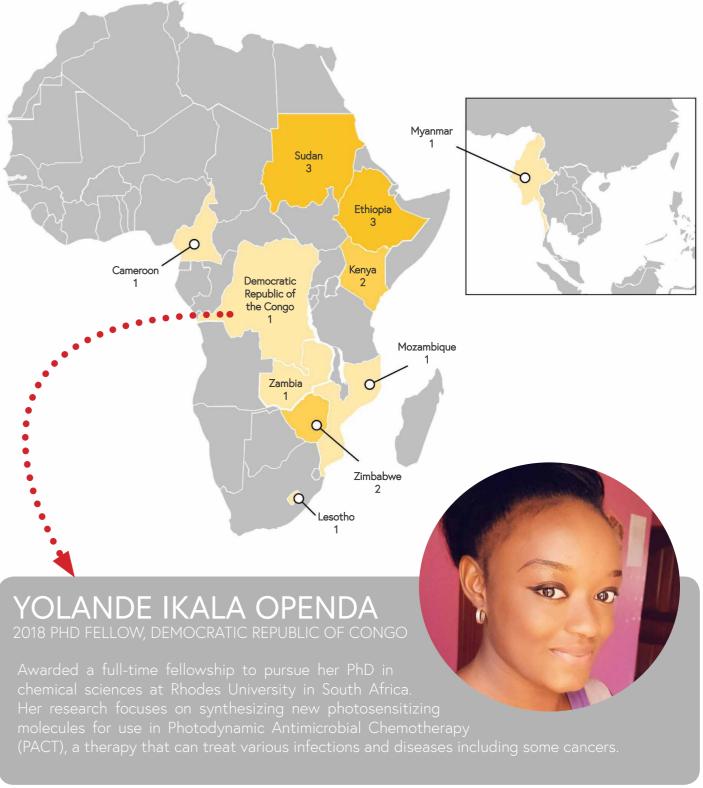


AWARDS

In 2018, ten full-time and six sandwich fellowships were awarded.

Where from? The awardees came from ten countries: Cameroon, the Democratic Republic of Congo; Ethiopia (3); Kenya (2); Lesotho; Mozambique; Myanmar; Sudan (3); Zambia; and Zimbabwe (2).

Where to? Twelve of the 16 fellows selected host institutes in South Africa, two in Kenya, and one each in China and Oman.



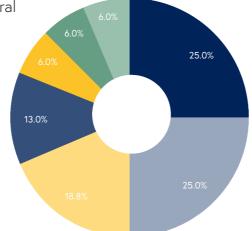
In 2018...

- **16** fellowships awarded
- **11** fellows from LDCs
- **10** full-time fellowships
- **6** sandwich fellowships

In what? Four of the 16 awards given were in the field of agricultural sciences, four in physics, three in chemical sciences, two in medicine & health, and one each in biological systems & organisms, engineering, and mathematical sciences.

OWSD PhD Fellowships awarded by discipline





ONGOING FELLOWS

In 2018, there were more than 150 OWSD PhD fellows on-site completing their PhDs. These fellows are from 30 countries; more than half are from Least Developed Countries (LDCs).

In addition to the standard fellowship funding, OWSD also provides a conference support grant, which allows fellows to travel internationally to support their research. Presenting work at conferences, receiving specialized training, and networking with specialists in their fields are vital elements of academic training which would in the majority of cases not be possible for these scientists without this special fund.



In 2018, 47 OWSD PhD fellows traveled to 60 conferences and workshops using the conference support grant. Twenty-nine attended international conferences, and of these ten presented papers.

((The exposure of presenting at an inenal. Being able to interact with experts in my field of study and have them comment on my work was pro-

>> MAGGIE GOLIE MUNTHALI 2014 PHD FELLOW, MALAWI

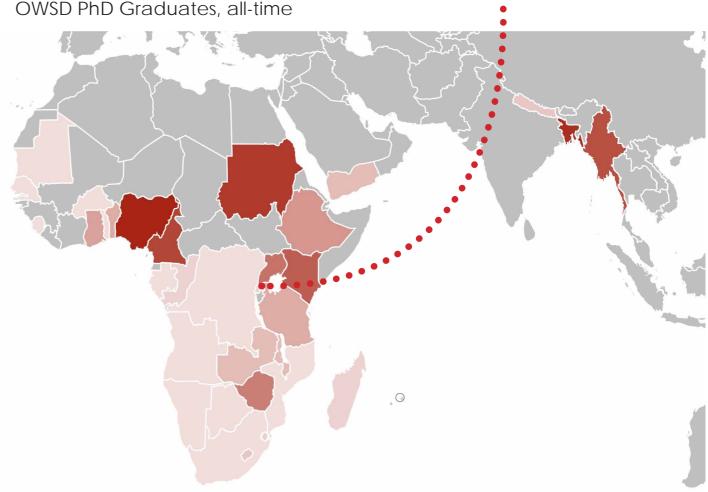
In 2018...

- 47 fellows traveling with conference support
- **29** international conferences attended
- **10** papers presented at ences

GRADUATES

In the year of its 25th anniversary, OWSD reached the important milestone of having graduated 250 women scientists from the PhD fellowship programme – plus one. Of the 251 graduates, 26 completed their PhDs in 2018; 14 of these were from LDCs.

Where from? OWSD PhD graduates originate from 34 countries across Africa and Asia: Nigeria (56); Bangladesh (28); Sudan (25); Cameroon (20); Myanmar (18); Kenya (15); Uganda (12); Zimbabwe (11); Ethiopia (8); Ghana (7); Benin and Tanzania (6 each); Malawi, Yemen, and Zambia (4 each); Lesotho and Nepal (3 each); the Republic of Congo, the Kingdom of Eswatini, and Madagascar, and Rwanda (2 each); and Angola, Botswana, Burkina Faso, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Gabon, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Africa, and Togo (1 each).



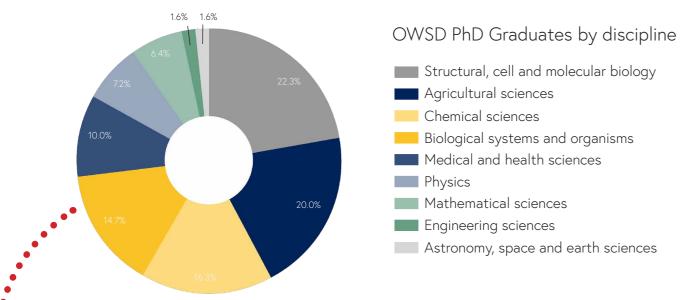


MARIE CHANTAL **CYULINYA** 2013 PHD FELLOW, RWANDA

When she graduated in 2018, Marie Chantal became the first woman in Rwanda to hold a PhD in physics. She was also active in found-

ing the OWSD Rwanda National Chapter.

In what? The most represented field among OWSD PhD graduates is structural, cell and molecular biology (22%), followed by agricultural sciences (20%), chemical sciences (16%), biological systems and organisms (15%), medical and health sciences including neurosciences (10%), physics (7%), mathematical sciences (6%), engineering sciences (2%), and astronomy, space and earth sciences (2%).



OWSD PhD fellowship alumnae have gone on to head academic departments, found NGOs, become entrepreneurs, and author books, among countless other accomplishments. Many are deeply committed to giving back to their communities, including creating opportunities for future generations of women scientists.



SYLVIANE VOLAMPENO 2005 PHD FELLOW, MADAGASCAR

MUBANGA LOMBE 1999 PHD FELLOW, ZAMBIA

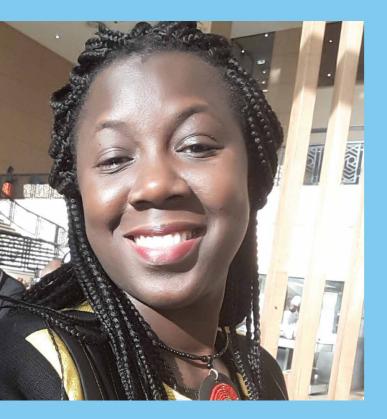




IRENE NAIGAGA 1998 PHD FELLOW, UGANDA



SPOTLIGHT ON: SALMA SYLLA MBAYE





Southwest Research Institute/Mike Grus

OWSD EARLY CAREER **FELLOWSHIPS**

In 2018, OWSD launched a new Early Career fellowship, with funding from the Canadian International Development Research Centre (IDRC). The fellowship greatly expands the scope of OWSD's programmes, and offers the opportunity for women living in under-resourced countries in the South to carry out research at an international level and build up research centres at institutes in their home countries.

The fellowship provides women scientists in developing countries with up to USD 50,000 for equipment and resources over a two-year period. It is offered to individual women who have completed their PhDs in STEM subjects within the last ten years and are employed at an academic or scientific research institute in one of the eligible countries.

There is a strong focus of the fellowship on innovation and impact on a broader scale; fellows must demonstrate the potential for their research to be converted into marketable products or processes, through collaboration with industry or private or public sector partners. The long-term aim is to contribute to the emergence of a new generation of women leaders in STEM and to promote their participation in the sustainable development of their countries.

APPLICATIONS

In the first year of the fellowship programme, 182 eligible women scientists applied for the Early Career fellowship.

Where from? Applications were received from 30 countries, of which 21 were LDCs (49% of total ap-

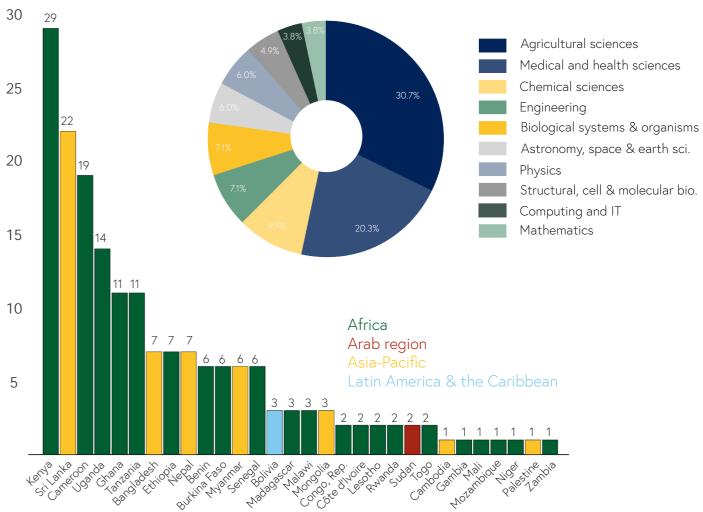


plications). The most applications were received from Kenya (16%), followed by Sri Lanka, Cameroon, and Uganda. Africa contributed nearly three quarters of all applications (71%); 26% of applications were from Asia, 2% from Latin America and the Caribbean, and 1% from the Arab region.

In what? The most popular fields for applicants were agricultural sciences (31%), followed by medical and health sciences (20%). Fewer applications were received in fields where women tend to be underrepresented, in particular mathematics (4%) and computing and information technology (4%).



2018 Early Career fellowship applications, by country and discipline





AWARDS

The first cohort of the Early Career fellowship was made up of 19 fellows.

Where from? The awardees came from 11 countries in Africa and Asia: three fellows each from Sri Lanka and Tanzania; two each from Bangladesh, Cameroon, Ethiopia, and Nepal; and one each from the Republic of Congo, Malawi, Rwanda, Senegal, and Uganda. Thirteen of the 19 fellows are from LDCs.

All of the awarded fellows except three had completed their PhDs in a country other than their home country; only five completed their PhDs at an institute in the Global South. This underscores the need for centres of research excellence in the South.



ahangirnagar University, Bangladesh
niversity of Dhaka, Bangladesh
niversity of Buea, Cameroon
niversity of Yaounde I, Cameroon
st. Natde Recherche en Sci. Exactes et Naturelle, Rep. of Congo
thiopian Institute of Agricultural Research, Ethiopia
mma University, Ethiopia
longwe University of Agriculture, Malawi
athmandu Institute of Applied Sciences, Nepal

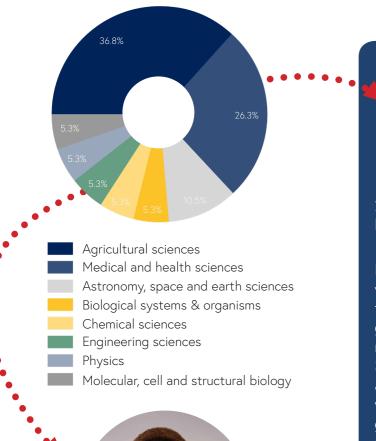
HEMU KAFLE 2018 EARLY CAREER FELLOW, NEPAL

An environmental scientist specialized in remote sensing, whose research project will build low-cost mobile weather stations to study drought in Nepal.

Pokhara University, Nepal

- Rwanda Agr. and Animal Resources Development Board, Rwanda
- Institut Pasteur de Dakar, Senegal
- University of Kelaniya, Sri Lanka
- University of Peradeniya, Sri Lanka
- University of Sri Jayewardenepura, Sri Lanka
- University of Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania (3)
- Makerere University, Uganda

In what? The research projects of seven of the 19 Early Career fellows in the first cohort are in the agricultural sciences, five in the medical and health sciences, two in astronomy, space and earth sciences, and one each in biological systems and organisms, chemical sciences, engineering sciences, physics, and structural, cell and molecular biology.



PENDO BIGAMBO 2018 EARLY CAREER FELLOW, TANZANIA

Dr. Bigambo's research focuses on using nanoprocessing technology to produce nanofibres from cotton-based waste fabrics. This will help to reduce environmental hazards associated with textile disposal, much of which tion. The Early Career fellowship will support for her lab to produce the nanofibres on a large scale. Nanofibres can provide better and other advantages over traditional fibres.

MUNAWAR SULTANA 2018 EARLY CAREER FELLOW, BANGLADESH

Dr. Sultana is currently developing a veterinary vaccine and a low-cost diagnostic kit for the foot-and-mouth disease virus, using microbial genomics and bioinformatics tools. Foot-andmouth is a very infectious disease endemic in South Asia that affects cattle, sheep, goats, and pigs. Vaccination and improved diagnosis would help to improve food security in the region as well as rural agriculture-based economies and employment.

Other research projects funded under the fellowship include projects to identify early biomarkers of severe dengue fever, to investigate links between pesticide use and breast cancer in Ethiopia, and to create an energy microgrid system in the Congo using biofuels generated from solar heat and biomass.

EARLY CAREER WORKSHOPS

Early Career fellows take part in two training workshops during the fellowship, focused on improving their leadership, management, and outreach skills, as well as how to forge links with industry.

The first workshop is an orientation workshop designed to prepare them for managing their research grants, with training on budgeting and procurement, reporting and data management, and effective networking.

The first orientation workshop took place in Tri-

este, Italy from 10-14 December 2018. The fellows attended sessions on incorporating gender and sustainable development perspectives in their research projects, on working with partners in science academies and industry, and on developing different leadership styles and managing research teams.

The fellows also visited two local labs during the week: the FabLab at ICTP, where they learned about rapid prototyping technology and 3D printing; and the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (ICGEB), where they learned about technology transfer and the patent process.

A second regional workshop to be held in Tanzania in 2019 will focus on the commercial aspects of transforming the fellows' research into marketable products.



2018 Early Career fellows from Ethiopia, Seblework Shegen and Kassaye Tolessa Sherge

"

One of the key things that I am takworkshop] is how to integrate the Sustainable Development Goals into

\mathbf{D}

SIANA NKYA



SPOTLIGHT ON: MASHURA SHAMMI



When environmental chemist Mashura Shammi completed her PhD at the Xinjiang Institute of Ecology and Geography in China in 2017, she returned to her home country of Bangladesh to begin an Assistant Professor position at Jahangirnagar University in Dhaka. Working in the Department of Environmental Sciences, Dr. Shammi is interested in the dynamics of cycles of chemical elements (such as carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous) and how they influence and are influenced by biological systems, a field known as biogeochemistry. Specifically, she focuses on dissolved organic matter (DOM), a mixture of various organic substances that is commonly found in natural water sources, and Dr. Shammi is interested in how the decomposition of DOM substances is linked to greenhouse gas emissions.

Dr. Shammi's research project funded under the OWSD Early Career fellowship will help to understand the dynamics of DOM substances and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in the Ganges River system of Bangladesh. The Ganges is one the largest river systems in the world, but little is known about its carbon dynamics, including levels of GHG emissions. Dr. Shammi's project will establish a biogeochemistry laboratory equipped to measure and map the emissions of GHGs in the river – particularly methane (CH4) and carbon dioxide (CO2) – over both space and time. This research will also help to more clearly identify the relative contributions to GHG emissions of naturally occurring and anthropogenic (human-generated) DOMs.

In order to carry out her project, Dr. Shammi will work with a team of three other scientists from Jahangirnagar University as well as two international collaborators from China and Japan. The funding from the Early Career fellowship will allow them to purchase computers, software and other hardware for the lab, as well as laboratory consumables. It will also support one master's-level and one additional research assistant, and fund site visits to the upper Ganges and lower Ganges regions for data collection. With a well-equipped laboratory dedicated specifically to biogeochemistry, Dr. Shammi hopes that her department's Water Research Center will establish links with industries in the private sector and implement productive partnerships around industrial wastewater testing and treatment. The centre's research will also help to fill a crucial gap in the the global understanding of carbon dynamics and greenhouse gas emissions by providing data on one of the world's largest river systems.



OWSD MEMBERSHIP

OWSD began as a membership organization, and the members remain the foundation for all OWSD programmes and activities. Members are able to connect and network with each other through the OWSD website, at international and regional OWSD conferences and workshops, and through the OWSD National Chapters. Members also gain access to frequent opportunities for training, travel, research visits and other funding through announcements shared to the OWSD mailing list.

By the end of 2018, OWSD membership had grown to include 7183 members, 1047 of whom registered in 2018. The large majority (87%) of these are women scientists from the developing world with at least a master's degree in the natural sciences or social sciences (full members). OWSD also has affiliate members, who are women scientists from developing countries with at least a bachelor's degree in the sciences.

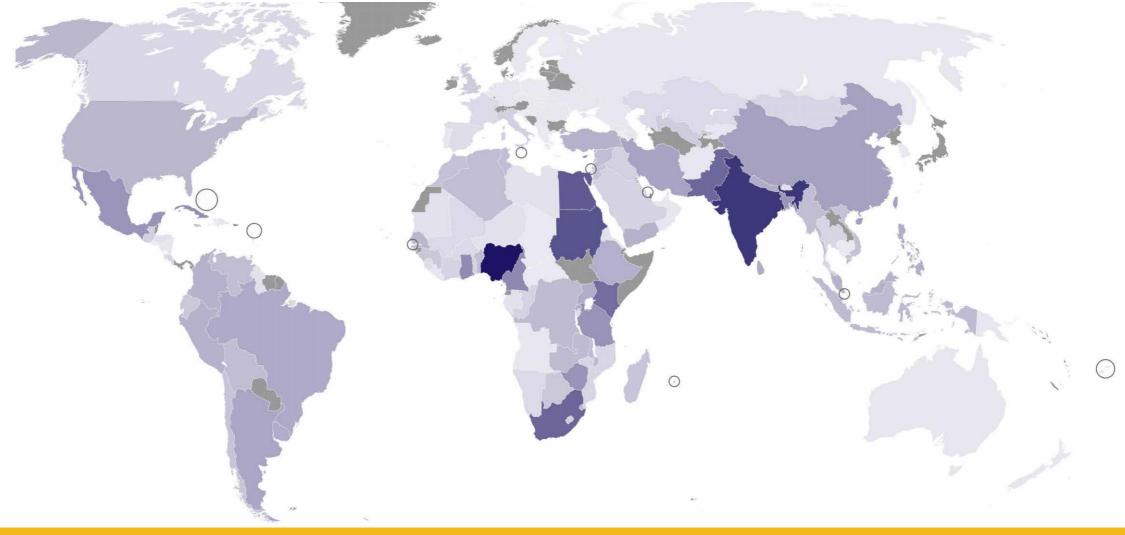
In 2018, the membership categories of OWSD also included associate membership, open to men as well as social scientists. The membership categories were revised midway through 2018 to make social

scientists eligible for both full and affiliate membership for the first time and to restrict both membership categories to women from developing countries. The associate membership category was discontinued. Male members who are associates, in addition to male and female scientists from the developed world, will be reassigned in 2019 to a new category designated Friends of OWSD, supporters with at least an undergraduate degree who are committed to promoting the objectives of OWSD. For the purposes of this report, however, member numbers refer to the previous membership categories (including associate members).

Where from?

In 2018, OWSD members came from 150 different countries across six continents. Nearly half of these members were in the Africa region (48%) followed by the Asia-Pacific region (24%), the Arab region (14%), and Latin America and the Caribbean (12%). Members from other countries (primarily Europe and North America) made up about 2% of membership. Nigeria had more than twice as many members (1731) as the country with the second most members, India (689). Following these two countries, the counries with the most OWSD members were Sudan (401), Egypt (345), South Africa (244), Pakistan (229), Kenya (211), Cameroon (187), Ghana (174), and Cuba (169).

Slightly less than one-fifth (19%) of OWSD members were from LDCs. The LDCs with the most OWSD members, were Sudan (401), Tanzania (138), Bangladesh (136), Uganda (76), and Nepal (73).

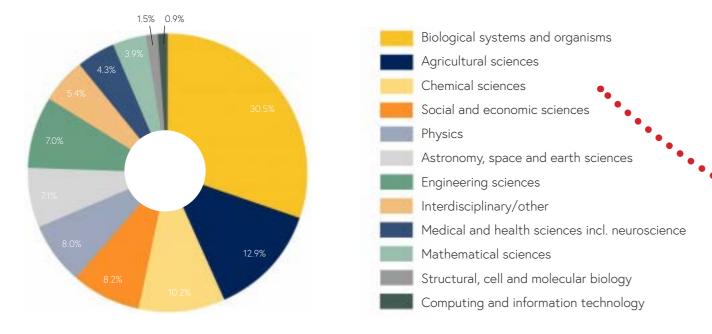




In what?

OWSD members represent a huge variety of scientific disciplines. Under the general research categories which OWSD uses for statistical purposes, biological systems and organisms are the most represented discipline by a significant margin, with more than 30% of members. This is followed by agricultural sciences (13%), chemical sciences (10%), social and economic sciences (8%), and physics (8%)*.

*For the 5958 members whose discipline is known. The remaining members were registered before this information was collected.



These categories do not, however, capture the vast array of scientific subjects that members specialize in, which span countless branches of research and often combine elements of two or more of these disciplines. The word cloud below shows which keywords are most popular in members' self-descriptions of their research. This gives a better picture of not only what members are researching, but what the potential applications of their research are as well as the larger societal and environmental issues that they hope to address.





Dr. Camacho is a chemist developing multimetallic sulfides catalysts for the removal of heteroatoms (atoms other than carbon or hydrogen) from crude oils and from renewable waste vegetable oils through hydrotreatment. Venezuela has large amounts of crude oils which are refined to produce gasoline and diesel fuel. Removing heteroatoms, particularly sulfur and nitrogen, from the crude oil will ensure that less of these are emitted through automotive fuel, reducing smog and acid rain.

OWSD Rwanda member Alice

Ikuzwe with Kathy Kantengwa, National Coordinator of the Forum for African Woman Educationalists (FAWE) - Rwanda

1800 B

CLARIMAR CAMACHO MEMBER, VENEZUELA

OWSD NATIONAL CHAPTERS

OWSD members may organize National Chapters in order to promote women's participation in science and technology and in scientific leadership at the national and regional levels. At least 20 full members are necessary in order to form a National Chapter. Once Chapters are established, members carry out strategic activities according to priorities they identify within their own countries, including outreach to schools and the public, organization of conferences, workshops, and training opportunities for women scientists, contributions to policy development, and data collection on the status of women in science in their countries.

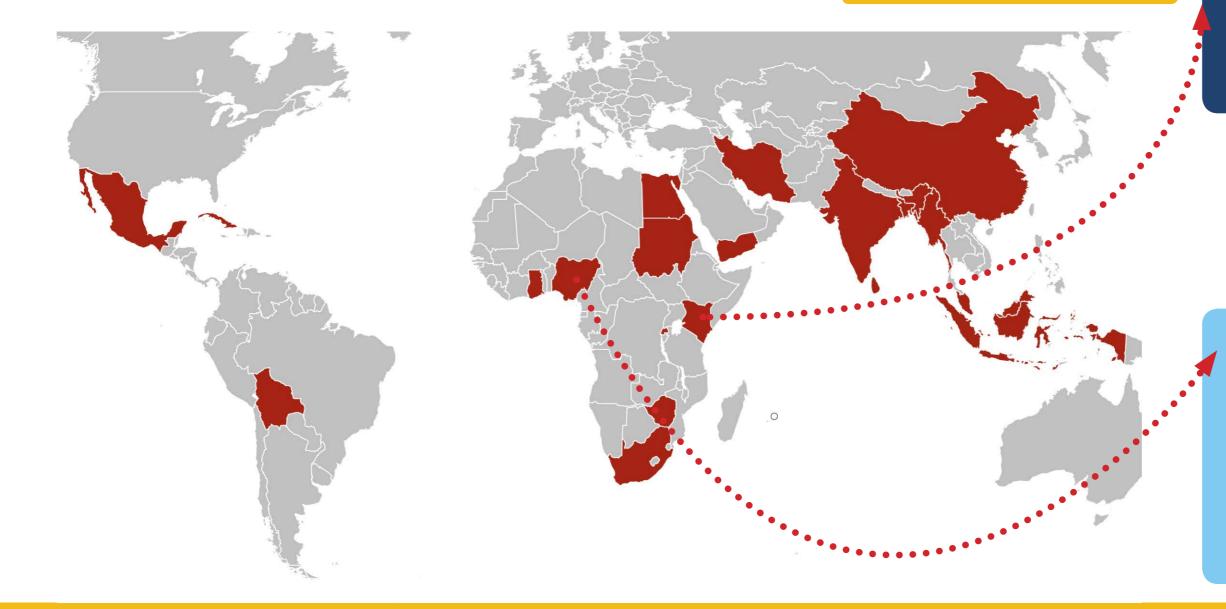
The number of OWSD National Chapters grew significantly in 2018 from 13 to 20, with seven new National Chapters launched in Indonesia, Kenya, Mauritius, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Rwanda, and Zimbabwe. In addition, the Ghana National Chapter re-launched after a period of inactivity. There are previously established National Chapters in Bangladesh, Bolivia, China, Cuba, Egypt, India, Iran, Malaysia, Mexico, Nigeria, South Africa, Sudan, and Yemen. Collectively, more than 5200 OWSD members are members of National Chapters. Membership in a National Chapter is open to both nationals of that country as well as any OWSD member residing there.

In 2018...

20 OWSD National Chapters

7 new OWSD National Chapters launched

(**+1** National Chapter relaunched





Becoming an OWSD member has fired up my passion to encourage girls from an early age to join science-oriented careers. Coming together to form the OWSD Kenya National Chapter has greatly enhanced networking and has escalated my engagement with fellow women in science to a national and regional level.

PATRICIAH WANJIKU WAMBUGU CHAIR, OWSD KENYA NATIONAL CHAPTER



OWSD NIGERIA NATIONAL CHAPTER

OWSD's largest National Chapter, with more than 1700 members, was founded in 2010 and is based at the University of Uyo, with subchapters at seven additional universities throughout the country.

SPOTLIGHT ON: OWSD SUDAN NATIONAL CHAPTER



shop participants Wafa Osman and Tasneem Abu Haraz.

With more than 400 members, Sudan is the third-largest OWSD National Chapter and one of its most active. For the 25th Anniversary of OWSD, a series of events organized across ten days and several cities in Sudan demonstrated the National Chapter's enthusiasm for promoting women and girls in science.

The events took place from 2-12 October, kicking off with an opening reception and Innovative Research Competition at the Embassy of Sweden on October 2, and concluding with an awareness-raising campaign at local universities from 7-12 October to introduce students to OWSD. All events were organized by the National Chapter in collaboration with the Sudanese National Academy of Sciences (SNAS), the Khartoum office of UNESCO, the Swedish embassy of Khartoum, the Khartoum DAL Group and Al-Neelain University.

The Sudanese Minister for Higher Education and Scientific Research, Al-Sadig Al-Hadi Al-Mahdi, attended the opening reception and expressed his appreciation and support of OWSD to students and professors attending from more than 20 Sudanese universities.

From 3-6 October, parallel workshops were held at the DAL Excellence Center and at the UNESCO Khartoum office. The DAL workshop, organized by DAL Foods, focused on scientific skills including proposal writing, publication writing and data analysis, while the UNESCO workshop focused on developing communications skills.

On 5 October, a 5 km Fun Run was organized to bring attention to the importance of science in daily life and to encourage girls and young women to participate in scientific development. The three-hour Fun Run was held in the Green Yard park in Khartoum, with more than 500 people participating.

Finally, OWSD representatives delivered a programme of public lectures at 19 universities in Sudan

over the course of a four-day campaign to raise awareness about OWSD fellowships and other opportunities. Speakers shared their personal success stories and challenges — with more than 1200 students during 2-hour presentations. The campaign was held from 8-12 October.

Nashwa Eassa, OWSD Vice President for the Arab region, played an important role in coordinating and executing the events. "The OWSD 25th Anniversary celebrations in Sudan were a great opportunity to highlight the organization's role in promoting women in science and to address their role in the development," she said. "I believe women have a vital role to play in advancing technologies, developing communities and accelerating change."





OWSD Vice President for the Arab Region Nashwa Eassa on International Day of the Girl, Khartoum, October 11

INTERNATI

WANT

OWSD AWARDS

Launched in 2012, the OWSD-Elsevier Foundation Awards for Early Career Women Scientists reward and encourage women working and living in developing countries who are in the early stages of their scientific careers, having often overcome great challenges to achieve research excellence. Awardees must have made a demonstrable impact on the research environment, both at a regional and international level, and be within ten years of receiving their PhD.

The awards are given to five scientists each year, one from each of the four OWSD regions plus one additional candidate from any of these regions. The eligible scientific disciplines rotate on a three-year cycle between the biological sciences, engineering and technology, and the physical sciences.

Each award winner receives a cash prize of USD 5,000 and is sponsored to attend the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS). The winners are presented with their awards at a special networking ceremony, and have the possibility to attend workshops and sessions at the AAAS meeting, visit local laboratories and institutions, and attend a celebratory dinner organized by the Elsevier Foundation.

The awards have an important impact on local research cultures. Previous winners say the awards have had a powerful effect, enhancing the visibility of their past work and creating new opportunities for the future. The awardees are also inspiring role models for young women in science.



2018 award winners Silvia González Pérez, Germaine Djuidje-Kenmoe, Hasibun Naher, and Dawn Iona Fox. Not pictured: Witri Wahyu Lestari.

2018 AWARD WINNERS

The 2018 OWSD-Elsevier Foundation Awards were given in the physical sciences: chemistry, mathematics, and physics. The five winners were announced on February 15, 2018 at the AAAS meeting in Austin, Texas. They are:



GERMAINE DJUIDJE KENMOE CAMEROON (SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA)

PHYSICS: For her work on mechanics and the study of friction-andwear processes on the molecular level, which have the potential for important applications in the area of energy efficiency.

DAWN IONA FOX GUYANA (LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN)

ENVIRONMENTAL AND MATERIAL CHEMISTRY: For her research on converting local waste products into value-added materials to solve environmental problems. Her current work is focused on improving drinking water quality for vulnerable communities and during water-stress events such as floods, storms and hurricanes.



SILVIA GONZÁLEZ PÉREZ ECUADOR (LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN)

THEORETICAL AND COMPUTATIONAL CHEMISTRY: For her research on heterogeneous catalysis in metal, bimetals, nanotubes and oxides. She performs molecular modelling of potential new materials that can be synthesized or purified from natural products.

WITRI WAHYU LESTARI INDONESIA (EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA & THE PACIFIC)

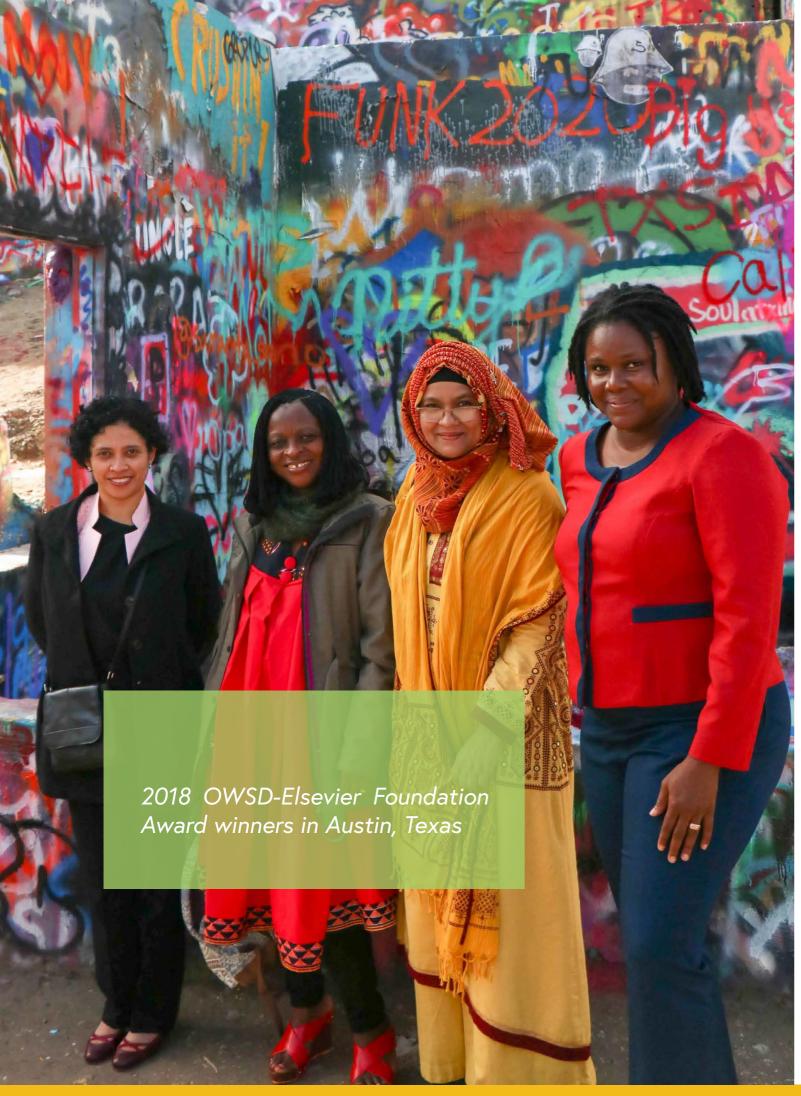
ORGANOMETALLIC AND CO-ORDINATION CHEMISTRY: For her research on the synthesis of Metal-Organic Frameworks whose structures have widespread potential applications in areas such as molecular magnets, gas separation and storage, selective drug synthesis and delivery and environmental protection.



HASIBUN NAHER BANGLADESH (CENTRAL AND SOUTH ASIA)

APPLIED MATHEMATICS: For her work in nonlinear partial differential equations. Her significant academic contributions to this field have included her most recent work on tsunami simulation and her research on travelling waves.





AWARD CEREMONY

Four of the five awardees were able to attend the AAAS annual meeting in Austin, Texas from 14-17 February 2018. The presentation of the awards took place during a special breakfast for minority and women scientists and engineers. Speakers during the ceremony were: Seema Kumar, Vice President of Innovation, Global Health and Policy Communication at Johnson & Johnson; Rush Holt, CEO of AAAS and Executive Publisher of Science; and Shirley Malcom, Head of Education & Human Resources at AAAS. They emphasized the importance of recognizing women's contributions to science. Ylann Schemm, Director of the Elsevier Foundation, and Atya Kapley, OWSD Vice President for the Asia-Pacific region, also described the impact of such awards on early career scientists in developing countries as well as the need to promote leadership in women scientists. Each of the awardees presented her research; Witri Wahyu Lestari from Indonesia participated via Skype.

Two private donors, Gilbert Omenn and Martha Darling, pledged an additional USD 2,500 to each awardee. This is the fourth year year that they have made such a donation.

In addition to the award ceremony, the awardees also had several opportunities during the 4-day conference to network with diverse groups of scientists, funders, entrepreneurs, policy leaders, publishers and the media. These included a visit to the IC2 Institute at the University of Texas at Austin, an interdisciplinary research unit that houses the university's incubator and works to advance entrepreneurial activities. Awardees met with the Institute's director Gregory Poque as well as programme manager Aprille Busch, and learned about the institute's programmes to train young researchers in market research and commercial product development. The awardees also had valuable networking oppotunities at a luncheon with the Austin chapter of the Association for Women in Science (AWIS), and at an Elsevier dinner where they were recognized by Brad Fenwick, Senior Vice President for Global Strategic Alliances, who hosted the dinner.

"



Since my childhood I have always thought about how to motivate female students in STEM so that they can have prosperous lives in developing countries. I hope this award helps me to fulfill my dream. \mathbf{x}

HASIBUN NAHER 2018 OWSD-ELSEVIER FOUNDATION AWARD WINNER

SPOTLIGHT ON: SILVIA GONZÁLEZ PÉREZ



Growing up in Mexico, chemist Silvia González Pérez was fascinated by chemistry, interested in how it could explain the varying properties and behaviors of different materials and answer the question that was always on her mind: *Why does it do that*?

She was drawn to computational chemistry, which combines theoretical chemistry with computer simulations to obtain a clearer understanding of the structures and properties of molecules and solids. During her PhD at the Universitat de Barcelona in Spain, under Prof. Francesc Illas Riera, she learned to apply techniques of quantum chemistry and computational methods while studying decontamination reactions.

After completing her PhD, Dr. González Pérez accepted a position at the Universidad Técnica Particular de Loja in Ecuador, where she is an

Assistant Professor of Physical Chemistry. She and her research team work using Quantum Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships/Quantitative Structure Properties Relationships (QSAR/QSPR), a technique that establishes a mathematical link between a material's chemical structure and its biological activity or chemical properties. Understanding these links allows researchers to use molecular modelling to synthesize potential new substances from naturally occurring ones. Dr. González Pérez is focused specifically on using the technique to understand heterogeneous catalysis in metals, bimetals, nanotubes, and oxides.

Theoretical and computational chemistry methods are not yet well developed in Ecuador, with only a handful of research teams working in the field. Dr. González Pérez and her colleagues, however, persuaded their university to purchase the country's first high-performance computer, with the processing power and specialized software (VASP, Gaussian, CRYSTAL) needed for their computations. Along with Drs. César Costa and Javier Torres from Escuela Politécnica Nacional and the Universidad San Francisco de Quito, respectively, Dr. González Pérez also founded the Group for the Experimental and Theoretical Study of Nano Sistemas (GETNano), a national network that supports research collaborations and organizes courses for students in the study of materials. They hope that this will enable them to improve their publication output and put Ecuador more firmly on the map in these fields. Dr. González Pérez has also advocated vocally for Ecuador to institute a national scholarship program for postgraduates in order to keep talented young scientists from leaving the country. She hopes that winning the OWSD-Elsevier Foundation Award will give her a broader platform for communicating this need.

As an active missionary in the Idente congregation of the Catholic Church for the last 12 years, Dr. González Pérez's passion for science is closely tied to her faith. She believes that science can help to answer spiritual questions as well as material ones. "Humanity works very hard to find the truth," she says, "but the truth is as unlimited as it is amazing."







FINANCIAL SUMMARY

OWSD is funded by three donors. Sida, the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency, has funded the PhD programme since 1998. In 2018, Canada's International Development Research Center (IDRC) became OWSD's second major donor, with the commitment to fund the Early Career Fellowship. The Elsevier Foundation has funded the OWSD Awards programme since 2012.

Financial income and expenditure for the year 2018 are reported in the tables below.* Expenditure is organized according to programme areas.

INCOME	AMOUNT (USD)
Balance brought forward from 2017	1,813,246.95
Swedish International Development Agency (Sida)	1,405,649.22
International Development Research Centre (IDRC), Canada	596,806.53
Elsevier Foundation, USA	60,000.00
Contributions from OWSD members	216.14
Transfer to reserve fund	(200,000.00)
Interest	131,834.00
TOTAL INCOME	3,807,752.84

	A	AMOUNT (USD)		
EXPENDITURE	APPROVED BUDGET	SPENT		
(1) Increasing women's participation, leadership and influence in science, technology and innovation in low and middle income countries (<i>PhD fellowship programme</i>)				
1.1 Fellowships (PhD)	560,340.00	726,802.80		
1.2 Travel (PhD fellows)	68,970.00	56,100.00		
1.3 Fellows' prsentations/attendance at 25th Anniversary celebrations	217,640.00	199,833.73		
1.4 Monitoring	27,410.00	11,139.63		
1.5 Travel - Executive Board and staff	22,840.00	3,113.21		
1.6 Website/communications	16,500.00	12,326.19		
1.7 Staff and office space	355,330.00	303,257.40		
1.8 Additional funds for PhD programme received in previous year	158,058.00	90,960.00		
1.8.1 Travel (PhD fellows)	16,918.00	10,000.00		
1.8.2 Monitoring	24,801.00	24,801.00		
1.8.3 Travel - Executive Board and staff	17,452.00	14,841.87		

*The budget shown also contains income and expenditure for GenderInSITE, a partner programme of OWSD that is budgeted under the OWSD programme for administrative purposes.

	AM	OUNT (USD)
EXPENDITURE	APPROVED BUDGET	SPENT
1.8.4 Website/communications	6,630.00	6,457.3
1.8.5 Staff and office space	29,940.00	91.2
1.8.6 Other costs for staff and office space	62,317.00	34,768.3
Subtotal for (1)	1,427,088.00	1,403,533.1
(2) Gender in Science, Innovation, Technology and Engineering (GenderInSITE)	, .,	, ,
2.1 Steering Committee	21,830.00	00,0
2.2. Regional Focal Points	54,700.00	51,296.9
2.3 Workshops/activities	34,910.00	3,969.9
2.4 Communications	10,900.00	9,046.0
2.5 Travel	10,900.00	3,761.6
2.6 Staff costs	120,560.00	93,871.0
2.7 Additional GenderInSITE funds received in previous year	29,297.00	27,223.5
2.7.1 Workshops/activities	13,945.00	13,848.5
2.7.2 Communications	6,477.00	6,477.0
2.7.3 Travel	6,898.00	6,898.0
2.7.4 Staff costs	1,977.00	0.00
Subtotal for (2)	283,097.00	189,169.
(3) Additional OWSD and GenderInSITE activities	453,025.00	296,788.6
(4) OWSD-Elsevier Foundation Awards for Early Career Women Scientists in the Developing World	60,000.00	59,998.
 (5) Supporting women's leadership in science, technology and innovation in sciencountries (2017-2021) (<i>Early Career Fellowship programme</i>) 5.1 Personnel 	150,000.00	120,256.5
5.2 Consultants	15,000.00	10,000.0
5.3 Evaluation	25,000.00	546.0
5.4 Equipment	50,000.00	57,584.0
5.5 International travel	15,000.00	00.0
	13,000.00	00.0
5.6 Training	00 000 00	6/ 812
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5.6 Training 5.7 Research 5.8 Indirect costs	190,000.00	159,176.8
5.7 Research 5.8 Indirect costs	190,000.00 69,550.00	159,176.8 00.0
5.7 Research 5.8 Indirect costs 5.9 Additional funds received from IDRC in previous year	190,000.00 69,550.00 1,108,620.00	159,176.8 00.0 962,476.9
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5.7 Research 5.8 Indirect costs 5.9 Additional funds received from IDRC in previous year 5.9.1 Personnel 5.9.2 Consultants	190,000.00 69,550.00 1,108,620.00 118,485.00 10,309.00	159,176.8 00.0 962,476.9 117,425.0 10,308.9
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5.7 Research 5.8 Indirect costs 5.9 Additional funds received from IDRC in previous year 5.9.1 Personnel 5.9.2 Consultants 5.9.3 Evaluation 5.9.4 Equipment	190,000.0069,550.001,108,620.00118,485.0010,309.0025,761.00154,525.00	159,176.8 00.0 962,476.9 117,425.0 10,308.9 25,760.3 119,561.2
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OPERATIONAL STRUCTURE

OWSD is a programme unit of UNESCO, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, and is administered under TWAS, the World Academy of Sciences.

EXECUTIVE BOARD

OWSD is governed by an Executive Board which is elected at each General Assembly, held every four years. The Executive Board includes a President (from any of the four OWSD regions), four Vice Presidents (one from each region), and four Regional Members (one from each region), plus the immediate past President. The current Executive Board was elected at the 5th General Assembly in Kuwait in 2016. Currently there is no Regional Member for Latin America and the Caribbean.

PRESIDENT

Jennifer A. Thomson, South Africa

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Nashwa Eassa, Sudan (Arab region) Atya Kapley, India (Asia-Pacific region) Olubukola Oluranti Babalola, Nigeria (Africa region) Jana Rodríguez Hertz, Uruguay (Latin America and the Caribbean region)

REGIONAL MEMBERS

Esi Awuah, Ghana (Africa region) Hasin Anupama Azhari, Bangladesh (Asia-Pacific region) Huda Basaleem, Yemen (Arab region)

IMMEDIATE PAST PRESIDENT

Fang Xin, China

SECRETARIAT

The Secretariat of OWSD is hosted on the campus of the Abdus Salam International Centre for Theoretical Physics (ICTP) in Trieste, Italy.

Tonya Blowers - Programme Coordinator Evgenia Markvardt - Associate Programme Manager Lucia Fanicchi - External Relations Tanja Bole - Fellowships Erika Hrvatic - Fellowships Marina Juricev - Fellowships Zabeeh Ullah Sahil - Fellowships Erin Johnson - Communications Fiona Dakin - GenderInSITE Assistant



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Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (Sida)

PhD fellowship programme and Secretariat support

International Development Research Centre (IDRC) - Canada

Early Career fellowship programme and Secretariat support

The Elsevier Foundation

Awards programme

This report was written and designed by Erin Johnson, OWSD Communications Administrator, with support from Tonya Blowers, Tanja Bole, Alexandra Cussianovich, Fiona Dakin, Giorgia Danelon, Lucia Fanicchi, Anamaria Golemac Powell, Erika Hrvatic, Marina Juricev, Evgenia Markvardt, and Sahil Zabeeh Ullah.





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